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G. VENKATASWAMY NAIDU COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOVILPATTI – 628 502.



UG DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - NOVEMBER 2024.

(For those admitted in June 2021 and later)

PROGRAMME AND BRANCH: B.Sc., COSTUME DESIGN AND FASHION

SEM	CATEGORY	COMPONENT	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
V	PART-III	CORE	U21CF507	QUALITY CONTROL IN APPAREL PRODUCTION

Date & Session: 08.11.2024/FN

Time : 3 hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION - A (10 X 1 = 10 Marks) Answer ALL Questions.
CO1	K1	1.	_____ is very important starting from the basic raw material. a) Packing b) Quality c) Cutting d) Sewing
CO1	K2	2.	_____ is essential in such circumstance in packing. a) Cardboards b) Bar-coding c) Bubble wrap d) Tissue paper
CO2	K1	3.	_____ is dependent on pattern shape, proportion, and dimension. a) Fit b) Balance c) Measurement d) Ease
CO2	K2	4.	What is the term for defining the measurable, numerical requirements of a product or service? a) Quality specification b) Quantitative Specification c) Standardization d) Certification
CO3	K1	5.	Ticket number is determined on the basis of finished_____. a) product b) thread c) yarn d) raw material
CO3	K2	6.	What is the result of assigning one cut garment to one operator at a time in garment production? a) Increase in WIP inventory b) No change in WIP inventory c) Reduction in WIP inventory d) Increase in goods inventory
CO4	K1	7.	The 4 point system is widely used for _____ inspection. a) fabric b) trims c) garments d) accessories
CO4	K2	8.	What has been meant by Seam Pucker? a) The holes in seams b) Creasing of fabrics along the seams c) Types of seam d) Length of seam
CO5	K1	9.	ISO is a nongovernmental organization established in _____. a) 1918 b) 1967 c) 1857 d) 1947
CO5	K2	10.	_____ charts are the most complicated of the seven basic tools of TQM. a) Pareto b) Flow c) Control d) Histograms

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	<p align="center">SECTION – B (5 X 5 = 25 Marks) Answer <u>ALL</u> Questions choosing either (a) or (b)</p>
CO1	K3	11a.	Determine the quality control for packaging? (OR)
CO1	K3	11b.	Write about the functioning of warehousing and shipping?
CO2	K3	12a.	How do you identify the departments in whole garment system? (OR)
CO2	K3	12b.	Find out the development of production flowchart.
CO3	K4	13a.	Analyze the functions of subassembly systems. (OR)
CO3	K4	13b.	Write about the functions of bundle tickets.
CO4	K4	14a.	Analyse the garment inspection procedure. (OR)
CO4	K4	14b.	Examine the quality of four point system.
CO5	K5	15a.	Appraise the quality management in 5's philosophy. (OR)
CO5	K5	15b.	Discuss the importance of environmental policies.

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	<p align="center">SECTION – C (5 X 8 = 40 Marks) Answer <u>ALL</u> Questions choosing either (a) or (b)</p>
CO1	K3	16a.	Construct the quality control inspection procedures followed in an apparel industry. (OR)
CO1	K3	16b.	Discover the merchandising standards for an apparel retail company.
CO2	K4	17a.	Differentiate between the quality specifications and quantitative specifications. (OR)
CO2	K4	17b.	What are the key principles to consider when choosing a production system?
CO3	K4	18a.	Classify the development of production grid for garment construction. (OR)
CO3	K4	18b.	Categorize the garment breakdown with machine and attachment details for a basic T-shirt.
CO4	K5	19a.	Predict the methods to avoid problems during garment construction. (OR)
CO4	K5	19b.	Appraise the Acceptable Quality Level (AQL) system for garments.
CO5	K5	20a.	Evaluate the Total Quality Management (TQM) approach in the context of garment manufacturing. (OR)
CO5	K5	20b.	Interpret the PDCA cycle and its application in garment manufacturing.